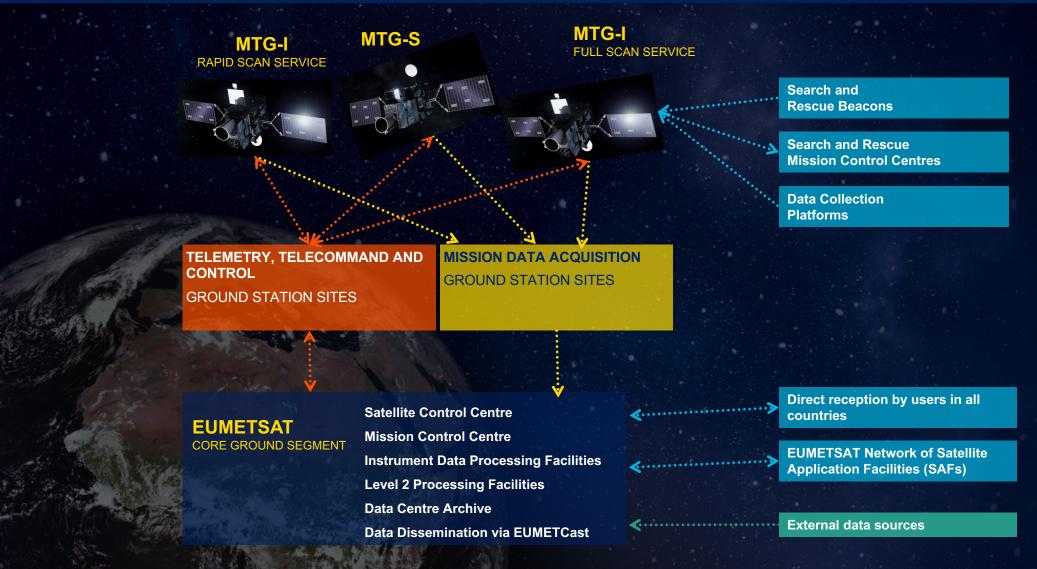




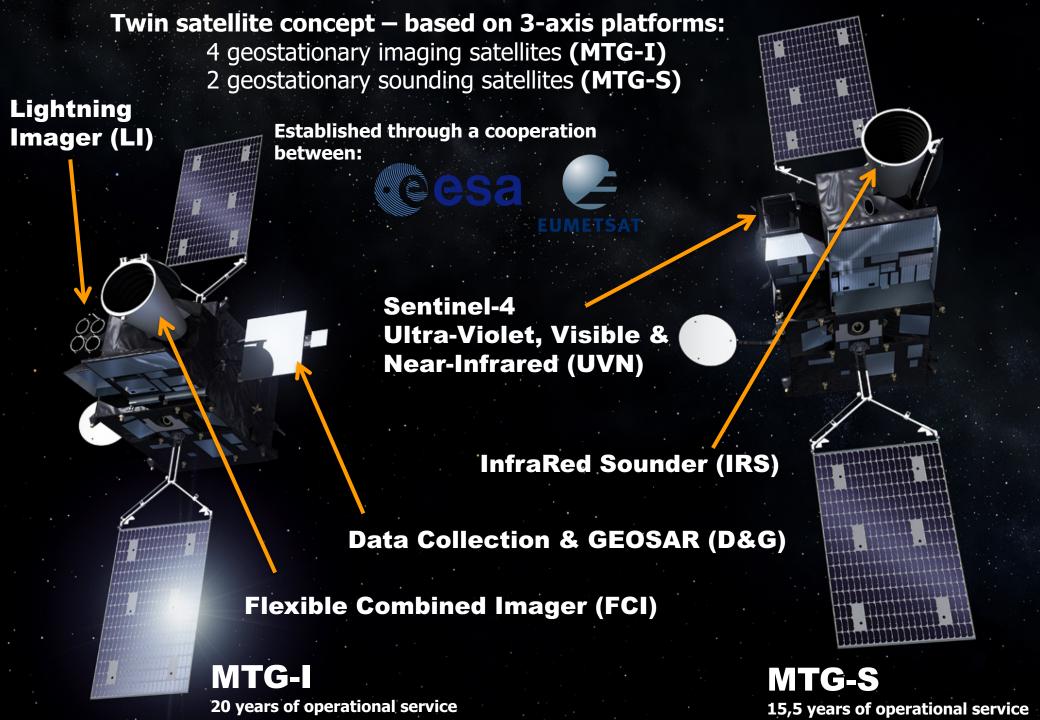


MTG Programme – Overall system configuration







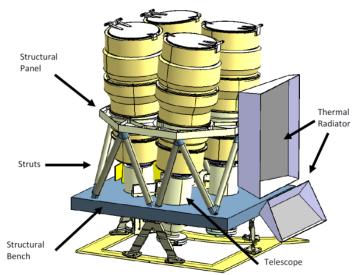


The Flexible Combined Imager (FCI) on MTG-I

- FCI will continue the Full Disc Scanning Service (FDSS) and Rapid Scanning Service (RSS) currently provided by the MSG SEVIRI instruments.
- Full Disc High Spectral resolution Imagery (FDHSI) and High Resolution Fast Imagery (HRFI) mission requirements are established for FDSS and RSS respectively.
- Full Disk Scan Service (FCI-FDSS):
 - global scales: Full Disk; @ 10 min Repeat Cycle
 - 16 channels at spatial resolution:
 - 1.0 km for the 8 solar channels;
 - 2.0 km for the 8 thermal channels.
- Rapid Scan Service (FCI-RSS):
 - local scales: 1/4th of Full Disk; @ 2.5 min Repeat Cycle
 - 4 channels at high spatial resolution:
 - 0.5 km for the 2 solar channels;
 - 1.0 km for the 2 thermal channels.



Lightning Imager (LI) Instrument on MTG-I

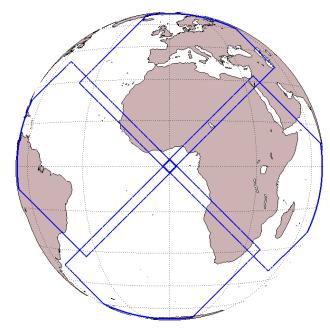


LI Main characteristics:

- Measurements at 777.4 nm
- Coverage close to "visible disc"
- Continuous measurements of (lightning) triggered events
- Spatial resolution ~ 4.5 km at SSP
- Integration time per frame 1 ms
- Background subtraction & event detection in on-board electronics

The baseline for the LI is a 4-Optical Chain solution:

- 4 identical optical channels with CMOS backthinned backside illuminated detectors
- 1170 x 1000 pixels per camera



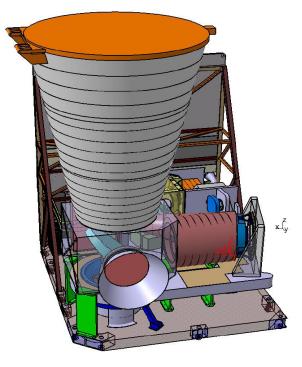
End-users (Level 2) will not see the "detector structure"



MTG-IRS Instrument Characteristics

- The InfraRed Sounder (IRS) is based on
 - an imaging interferometer with a hyperspectral resolution of 0.625 cm⁻¹,
 - 2 detector arrays with each 160 x 160 detectors,
 - taking measurements in two bands:
 - the Long-Wave InfraRed (LWIR, 700–1210 cm⁻¹ or 14.3–8.3 µm) with 800 spectral channels and
 - the Mid-Wave InfraRed (MWIR, 1600–2175 cm⁻¹ or 6.25–4.6 µm) with 900 spectral channels,
 - with a spatial resolution of 4 km,
 - with a basic repeat cycle of 60 min.

The IRS will provide e.g. highly resolved vertical structures of humidity, temperature (+ boundary layer temperature profile), ozone, and wind.......



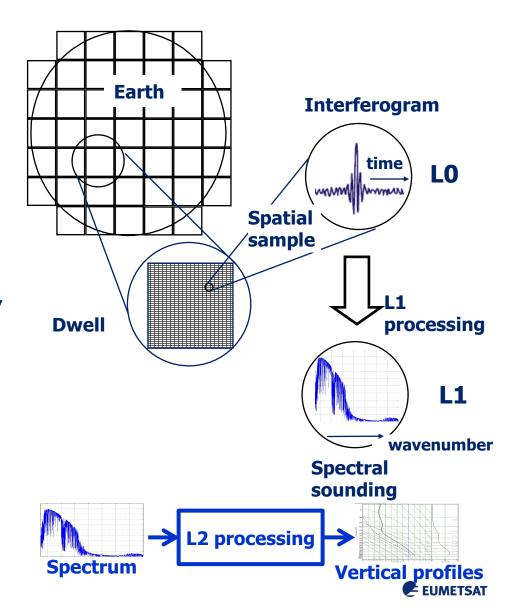
Volume: 1.4 x 1.6 x 2.2 m³

Mass: 400 kg Power: 750 W



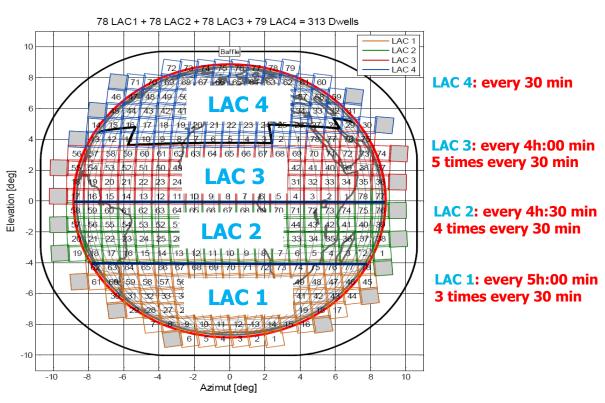
MTG-IRS: Working Principle

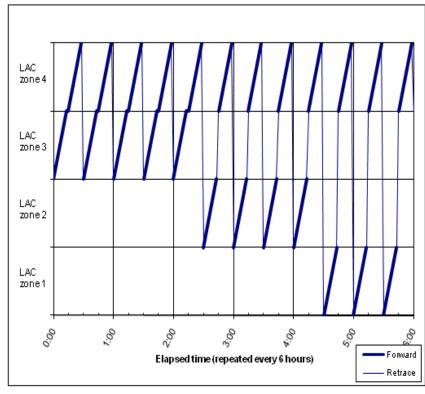
- The instrument works in step-&-stare mode, with the Earth disc covered through a sequence of contiguous square sub-images (dwells).
- With the current design, each dwell is taken in 10s and covers about 640 x 640 km² (at nadir) with 160 x 160 spatial samples.
- Within a single dwell, a set of interferograms, one per spatial sample, is produced.
- A spectral sounding is the result of the Fourier transformation of an interferogram from a single spatial sample
- L2 processing generates IRS L2 products



InfraRed Sounder (IRS) on MTG-S

- MTG-IRS Concept: Every 30 Minutes Europe
 - 4 Local Area Coverage (LAC) zones, South to North, with LAC4 covering Europe;



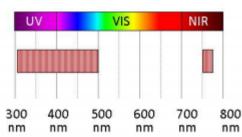


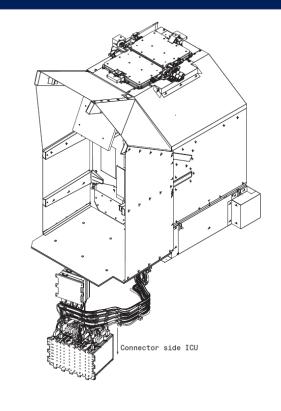
The Ultraviolet, Visible & Near-Infrared (UVN) on MTG-S

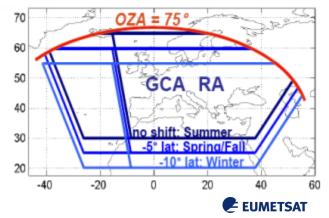
- The second instrument aboard MTG-S, the Ultraviolet Visible Near-infrared (UVN) spectrometer.
- The UVN covers the need for continuous monitoring of atmospheric composition.
- Focus on air quality with the main data products being O₃,
 NO₂, SO₂, HCHO, and aerosol optical depth.



- a hyperspectral spectrometer,
- covering a spectral range from:
 - 305 nm to 500 nm @ spectral resolution of 0.5 nm
 - 750 nm to 775 nm @ spectral resolution of 0.12 nm
- Spatial sampling at 45° North: 8 x 8 km²
- Temporal resolution: 60 min.







Satellite and Instruments Status

- Passing the Intermediate Design Check Point (IDCP) for MTG-I and MTG-S satellites
- Satellite Platform Critical Design Review on-going
- Moving from the design phase to Assembly, Integration and Test (AIT)
 - Hardware is being build (STM, SM, EM, PFM)
 - Engineering models for Satellite Platform components and Instruments becoming available







FCI & IRS Instrument External Baffle Assembly

Platform before the Thermal Vacuum (TVAC) Test at IABG in Munich



Programme Status

System Implementation Review Part#1 passed in Q4/2016 with the focus on the Imager Mission and to give the go-ahead for the start of the Ground Segment System Integration

Planning of the System Development Milestones

➤ System Implementation Review (Part#2): Feb 2018

➤ MTG-I System Critical Design Review: Jun 2019

➤ MTG-S System Critical Design Review: Jun 2021

Flight Acceptance Review MTG-I1: Dec 2020

Flight Acceptance Review MTG-S1:

Aug 2022

Tentative launch planning

MTG-I1: Q3 2021

MTG-S1: Q1 2023

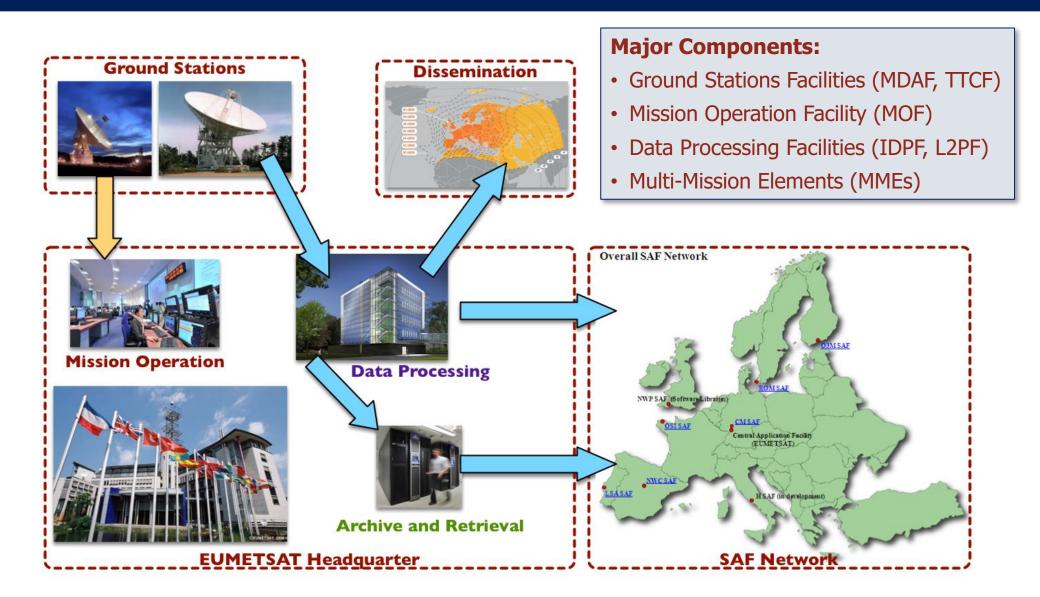
MTG-I2: Q1 2025

MTG-I3: Q3 2029

MTG-S2: Q3 2031

MTG-I4: Q1 2033

Overview of the MTG Ground Segment



Status of Other Ground Segment Facility Procurements

- Contracts Already Awarded (Prime Contractor)
 - ✓ Mission Operations Facility (GMV) past CDR, second version delivered
 - ✓ Instrument Data Processing Facility for MTG-I (TAS-F) CDR planned mid 2018
 - ✓ Level 2 Processing Facility (Thales Services) CDR planned mid 2018
 - ✓ TTCF Ground Stations (Telespazio) Preliminary Acceptance Review early 2018
 - ✓ MDAF Ground Stations (Telespazio) Preliminary Acceptance Review running







Ground Segment Status

- ➤ Ground Segment integration and verification has started for the M&C and MTG-I data acquisition chains
- ➤The GS development logic focuses first on MTG-I and Common elements
- Design checks and GS versions are then introduced for the MTG-S specific aspects
- > Planning of the Major GS Development Milestones

>GS CDR Part 1 : Q3 2017

>GS CDR Part 2 : Q4 2018

>GS Version 1 (MTG-I) : Q4 2019

>GS Version 1.1 (Launch version) : Q3 2020

•GS CDR-S : Q4 2020

GS Version 2 (MTG-S) : Q2 2022

Overview of the Instrument Data Processing Facility for MTG-S

- ➤The purpose of the Instrument Data Processing Facility for MTG-S (IDPF-S) is to generate Level-1b datasets for IRS and UVN (geo-located, radiometrically and spectrally corrected samples)
- ➤ The input data streams are provided by the Mission Data Acquisition Facility (MDAF). Telemetry packets are received by the Level-0 processor which also splits the constant streams into individual data chunks for processing
- ▶ Data chunks are provided to the L2PF and to MMEs for further processing, archived and some are disseminated to end-users (e.g. IRS Principal Components)
- Chunks, including some intermediate results, are transferred to off-line for inspection and analysis

IRS chain development status

- >IRS instrument
 - > IRS Critical Design Review : Jan 2019
 - IRS proto-flight model (PFM) : early 2021
 - > MTG-S Flight Acceptance Review : August 2022
- > IRS data processing development status

Level 1

- > IDPF-S ITT published in May 2017 (IRS level 1 processing facility)
- Kick-off meeting with selected contractor possibly early 2018

Level 2

- L2PF phase 2 anticipated to implement IRS L2 in the current L2PF contract
- Preparation to be initiated soon in EUMETSAT (GEO and RSP)
- Kick-off meeting expected late 2018



Expectation from MTG programme side

- The IRS processing chain development is running and a robust chain is to be developed, verified and validated at the time of the launch of MTG-S1 satellite
- As this is a new mission, new ideas are welcome but requirements and expectation from users have to be fulfilled as well
- In support of this development, studies, prototyping, reference processor, generation of test data and tools development are in place
- Experts meetings as IRS-MAG are seen useful to progress in the definition of the algorithms and technical baseline to be implemented.

